DISTRICT COURT, DENVER COUNTY, COLORADO		
Court Address:		
1437 BANNOCK STREET, RM 256, DENVER, CO, 80202	E FILED: May 14, 2020 9:57 AM	
	E NUMBER: 2018CV33011	
V.		
Defendant(s) GARY DRAGUL et al.		
	$\triangle$ COURT USE ONLY $\triangle$	
	Case Number: 2018CV33011	
	Division: 424 Courtroom:	
Order:Motion to Intervene Pursuant to C.R.C.P. 24(b) w/ Attach		

The motion/proposed order attached hereto: DENIED.

The motion is denied for the reasons stated in the response.

Issue Date: 5/14/2020

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MARTIN FOSTER EGELHOFF District Court Judge

DISTRICT COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER,	
COLORADO	
1437 Bannock Street	
Denver, Colorado 80202	
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Plaintiff: DAVID S. CHEVAL, Acting Securities	17
Commissioner for the State of Colorado	
Commissioner for the State of Colorado	
v. (	
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Defendants: GARY DRAGUL, GDA REAL ESTATE	
SERVICES, LLC, and GDA REAL ESTATE	ACOURT USE ONLYA
MANAGEMENT, LLC	ACOURT USE ONLIA
MANAGEMENT, LLC	
Attom and for Mongata Marlin House on and Derformance Holdings	
Attorneys for Movants Marlin Hershey and Performance Holdings,	
Inc.	
	G N 2019 22011
Thomas E. Goodreid	Case No. 2018cv33011
Paul M. Grant	C 414
Goodreid & Grant LLC	Ctrm. 414
1801 Broadway, Suite 1400	
Denver, Colorado 80202	
Phone #: 303-296-2048x136 (Goodreid)	
Phone #: 720-810-4235 (Grant)	
E-mail: <u>t.goodreid@comcast.net</u>	
E-mail: pgrant@goodreidgrant.com	
Atty. Reg. #: 25281 (Goodreid)	
Atty. Reg. # 26517(Grant)	
MOTION TO INTERVENE PURSUANT TO C.R	.C.P. 24(b)

Proposed intervenors Marlin Hershey and Performance Holdings, Inc. (together,

"Movants") file their Motion to Intervene Pursuant to C.R.C.P. 24(b) and, in support thereof,

respectfully sets forth as follows:

## I. <u>C.R.C.P. 121, § 1-15(8) CERTIFICATION</u>

1. Prior to filing this Motion, the undersigned conferred with counsel for Plaintiff and counsel for the Receiver appointed for Defendants. Counsel for Plaintiff, Robert Finke, and counsel for the Receiver, Michael Gilbert, stated that they oppose the relief requested herein.

## II. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

2. On August 15, 2018, Plaintiff filed his Complaint for Injunctive and Other Relief against Defendants pursuant to which he sought injunctive and other equitable relief resulting from Defendants' alleged violations of the Colorado Securities Act. On the same day, Plaintiff filed his *Ex Parte* Motion for Appointment of Receiver. Defendants stipulated to the Order Appointing Receiver, and the Court entered such Order on August 30, 2018 (the "Receivership Order").

3. Paragraph 13(s) of the Receivership Order purports to authorize the Receiver "[t]o prosecute claims and causes of action held by Creditors of Dragul, GDARES and GDAREM, and any subsidiary entities for the benefit of Creditors, in order to assure the equal treatment of all similarly situated Creditors..." On January 21, 2020, the Receiver filed his Complaint in Denver District Court, Courtroom 414, Case No. 2020cv30255 (the "Receiver Lawsuit") in which he alleged fourteen (14) claims against numerous defendants, including Movants, based on an alleged "fraudulent commercial real estate scheme orchestrated by Gary Dragul..." The Receiver asserts twelve (12) of the fourteen (14) claims on behalf of the investors/creditors of Defendants and/or entities affiliated with Defendants. With respect to each of these twelve (12) claims, the Receiver's sole basis for his standing to assert claims on behalf of investors/creditors of Defendants is paragraph 13(s) of the Receivership Order.

## III. ARGUMENT

4. In the Receiver Lawsuit, Defendants Gary Drugal, Susan Markusch, Alan Fox, and ACF Property Management, Inc. have filed motions to dismiss in which they have argued, *inter alia*, that the Receiver lacks standing to pursue claims on behalf of investors/creditors of Defendants and/or entities affiliated with Defendants because "...generally a receiver stands in the shoes of the entity in receivership and may assert no greater rights than the entity whose property the receiver was appointed to preserve." *Good Shepherd Health Facilities of Colorado, Inc. v. Dept. of Health*, 789 P.2d 423, 425 (Colo. App. 1989); *see also Fleming v. Lind-Waldock & Co.*, 922 F.2d 20, 25 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1990) ("Since 1935 it has been well settled that 'the plaintiff in his capacity of receiver has no greater rights or powers than the corporation itself would have.""); *Scholes v. Schroeder*, 744 F.Supp. 1419, 1422 (N.D. Ill. 1990) (a receiver cannot pursue claims that belong not to the receivership estate but rather to those who may have an interest in the estate).

5. Nonetheless, contrary to established law precluding a receiver from bringing claims on behalf of creditors or investors of a receivership estate, the Plaintiff included just such a provision in the Receivership Order. More egregiously, with knowledge that he does not have the power that paragraph 13(s) of the Receivership Order purports to give to him, the Receiver has filed the Receiver Lawsuit and alleged that he has standing to pursue twelve (12) of his fourteen (14) claims solely based on paragraph 13(s). *See Scholes*, 744 F.Supp. at 1423 (order purporting to confer power on receiver to pursue claims on behalf of investors of receivership estate exceeded the power of the judiciary and would not be enforced). Whether the Receiver can pursue claims on behalf of the investors/creditors of the receivership estate is potentially

dispositive of twelve (12) of the fourteen (14) claims alleged by the Receiver, including all of the claims alleged against Movants. Accordingly, as set forth in detail in the Claim for Declaratory Relief attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, Movants seek a declaration that paragraph 13(s) was inadvertently or improvidently included in the Receivership Order and that the Receiver does not have authority to pursue claims on behalf of investors/creditors of Defendants and/or entities affiliated with Defendants.

6. To obtain such relief, Movants first must intervene in this case pursuant to C.R.C.P. 24(b) which permits intervention "when an applicant's claim or defense and the main action have a question of law or fact in common." *In re Marriage of Paul*, 978 P.2d 136, 139 (Colo. App. 1998). The Court has considerable discretion in determining motions to intervene. *Id.* Here, intervention is appropriate and necessary because Movants are requesting relief in connection with the Receivership Order which, in turn, could be dispositive of virtually the entire Receiver Lawsuit. Movants' lack of standing defense to the claims alleged against them in the Receiver Lawsuit involves an issue of law common to this case, and, accordingly, the most efficient and economical manner in which to seek declaratory relief with respect to the Receiver's standing to pursue claims in the Receiver Lawsuit is to intervene in this case in order to seek clarity from the Court on paragraph 13(s) of the Receivership Order.

WHEREFORE, Movants respectfully request that the Court permit them to intervene in

this case for the purpose set forth herein and provide such other and further relief to which

Movants may be justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted this 31st day of March 2020.

By: <u>/s/Paul M. Grant</u> Paul M. Grant Goodreid & Grant LLC 1801 Broadway, Suite 1400 Denver, CO 80202 Telephone: (720) 810-4235 pgrant@goodreidgrant.com

Attorneys for Movants Performance Holdings, Inc. and Marlin Hershey

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via Colorado Courts E-Filing on this 31st day of March 2020:

Allen Vellone Wolf Helfrich and Factor PC

Michael Thomas Gilbert Patrick D. Vellone Rachel A. Sternlieb

<u>Moye White</u> Eric Brian Liebman Joyce Carmel Williams Lucas Trask Ritchie

Jones & Keller PC Christopher Stephen Mills Paul Leo Vorndran

<u>State of Colorado</u> Robert Finke Janna Fischer

> <u>/s/Paul M. Grant</u> Paul M. Grant